



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF NSE INFOTECH SERVICES LIMITED**

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **NSE INFOTECH SERVICES LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at **31st March 2020**, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2020, the Profit and total Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1(a) in the significant accounting policies which indicates that the Company has not prepared financial statements on going concern basis which indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.





Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information, comprising of the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and such other disclosures related Information, excluding the standalone financial statements and auditor's report thereon ('Other Information'). The other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other Information and if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charges with governance as required under SA 720 'The Auditor's responsibilities Relating to other Information'.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Given the level of uncertainty and speed of increasing impact of COVID 19, we have considered the current position at the point of sign off as a part of subsequent events right up to the point of signing off the audit report. The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.





Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.





We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the company so far it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31 March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31 March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.





h) With respect to the other matters included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements.
- ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Gokhale & Sathe
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 103264W

Atul A Kale
Partner
Membership No.109947



Place: Mumbai
Date: 18th June 2020.
UDIN: 20109947AAAACM9039



ANNEXURE A

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the Internal financial controls over financial reporting of **NSE INFOTECH SERVICES LIMITED** (“the Company”) as of 31st March, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.





Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Gokhale & Sathe

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No.: 103264W


Atul A Kale

Partner

Membership No.109947

Place: Mumbai

Date : 18th June 2020.

UDIN: 20109947AAAACM9039





**NSE INFOTECH SERVICES LIMITED
FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020
ANNEXURE B**

In the Annexure, as required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Companies Act 2013, on the basis of checks, as we considered appropriate, we report on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the said order,

- i) No fixed assets as well as immovable properties are held by the company. Hence, clause a, clause b and clause c are not applicable.
- ii) Considering the nature of the business and services rendered by the company, provisions of clause 3 (ii) of the CARO relating to inventory are not applicable.
- iii) The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act. Therefore provisions of clause 3 (iii) of the CARO are not applicable.
- iv) During the year, company has not advanced any loan to directors or to any other body corporate. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(iv) of the CARO are not applicable.
- v) During the year, the company has not accepted any deposits from public.
- vi) Central Government has not prescribed any service rendered by the company under section 148(1) of the Companies Act for maintenance of Cost records.
- vii) a) The company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including the Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Services Tax, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it.

b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, Goods and Services Tax, custom duty, excise duty, cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute except the following:

Sr. No.	Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Financial Year	Amount	Forum where dispute is pending
1.	Income Tax Act	Fringe Benefit Tax	2007-08	1,36,143	Income Tax Office – 10(1) (4)
2.	Finance Acts concerning Service Tax	Service Tax	2006-07 to 2008-09	28,06,967	Assistant Commissioner of CGST & Central Excise, Vikhroli Mumbai
			2009-10	7,81,711	
			2010-11	2,26,431	
			2014-2015 to 2016-2017	3,41,613	Deputy Commissioner- CGST Audit
			1/04/2017 to 30/06/2017	51,144.32	





- viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company does not have any loan or borrowings from a financial institution or bank or government or debenture holders. Therefore, provisions of clause 3 (viii) of the CARO are not applicable.
- ix) During the year, the company has not raised any money by way of Initial Public Offer or further public offer nor obtained any term loans. Therefore, provisions of clause 3 (ix) of the CARO are not applicable.
- x) According to the information and explanation given to us, no fraud on or by the company, by its officers and employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi) The company's managerial remuneration has been provided with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a chit fund or a nidhi/ mutual benefit fund/ society. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the CARO are not applicable.
- xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements as required by the applicable Accounting standards.
- xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, during the year the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xiv) of the CARO are not applicable.
- xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, during the year the company has not entered into non-cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with the directors and hence the provisions of Clause 3 (xv) of the CARO are not applicable.
- xvi) The company is not required to be registered under Section 45IA of the Reserve Bank Of India Act, 1934.

For Gokhale & Sathe

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No.: 103264W


Atul A Kale

Partner

Membership No.109947

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th June 2020.

UDIN: 20109947AAAACM9039



NSE INFOTECH SERVICES LIMITED
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2020

(Rs in Lakhs)

	NOTE	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	-	-
Financial assets			
Deferred tax assets (net)	13d)	-	-
Income tax assets (net)	14	115.81	277.76
Other non-current assets	4	-	-
Total non-current assets		115.81	277.76
Current assets			
Financial assets			
- Investments	5	275.22	-
- Trade receivable	6	-	85.14
- Cash and cash equivalents	7	5.28	28.00
- Other financial assets	3	-	-
Other current assets	8	2.19	2.48
Total current assets		282.69	115.62
TOTAL ASSETS		398.50	393.38
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity share capital	9a)	5.00	5.00
Other equity	9b)	378.45	334.48
TOTAL EQUITY		383.45	339.48
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	10	-	-
Total non-current liabilities		-	-
Current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
- Trade payable	12	-	0.81
Other current liabilities	16	9.45	52.61
Provisions	11	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	13e)	1.31	-
Income tax liabilities (net)	15	4.29	0.48
Total current liabilities		15.05	53.90
TOTAL LIABILITIES		15.05	53.90
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		398.50	393.38

Summary of significant accounting policies (Note 1)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

For GOKHALE & SATHE
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No : 103264W

Atul Kale

ATUL KALE
Partner
Membership Number: 109947
Place : Mumbai
Date : June 18, 2020



Yatrik Vin
YATRIK VIN
Chairman
(DIN : 07662795)

Mukesh Agarwal
MUKESH AGARWAL
Director
(DIN : 03054853)



NSE INFOTECH SERVICES LIMITED
STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

(Rs in Lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Notes No.	For the year ended 31.03.2020	For the year ended 31.03.2019
Income			
Revenue from operations	17	-	1,170.93
Other income and other gains / (losses)	18	73.01	40.13
Total income		73.01	1,211.06
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	19	-	1,111.08
Depreciation and amortisation expense	2	-	0.02
Other expenses	20	16.15	66.87
Total expenses		16.15	1,177.97
Profit before tax		56.86	33.09
Less : Income Tax expense			
Current tax	13	12.06	6.37
(Excess)/short Income tax provision for earlier years		(0.48)	-
Deferred tax	13	1.31	269.54
Total Income Tax expenses		12.89	275.91
Profit after tax (A)		43.97	(242.82)
Other Comprehensive Income			
<i>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations	22B(iii)	-	-
<i>Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>			
Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations		-	-
Total other comprehensive income for the period, net of taxes (B)		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year/ period (A+B)		43.97	(242.82)
Earning per equity share			
(Face value of Rs. 10 each)			
- Basic and Diluted	21	87.94	(485.63)

Summary of significant accounting policies (Note 1)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For GOKHALE & SATHE
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No : 103264W



ATUL KALE
Partner
Membership Number: 109947
Place : Mumbai
Date : June 18, 2020





YATRIK VIN
Chairman
(DIN : 07662795)



MUKESH AGARWAL
Director
(DIN : 03054853)



NSE INFOTECH SERVICES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

(A) Equity Share Capital

	(Rs in Lakhs)	
	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019
Balance as at	5.00	5.00

(B) Other Equity

Reserves and Surplus

Opening balance as at

Total Comprehensive Income for the year

Closing Balance as at

	(Rs in Lakhs)	
	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
Opening balance as at	334.48	577.30
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	43.97	(242.82)
Closing Balance as at	378.45	334.48

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For GOKHALE & SATHE
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No : 103264W

Atul Kale



ATUL KALE

Partner

Membership Number: 109947

Place : Mumbai

Date : June 18, 2020

Yatrik Vin

YATRIK VIN

Chairman

(DIN : 07662795)

Mukesh Agarwal

MUKESH AGARWAL

Director

(DIN : 03054853)

